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USING THE ACCOMMODATION CAPACITY IN POIANA BRAŞOV RESORT DURING 2013-2016

Daniela-Mirela PLEȘOIANU, Ligia MUNTEANU

Ovidius University, 1, University Avenue, Campus, Building B, Constanta, Romania, Email: plesoianudaniela@hotmail.com

Corresponding author: plesoianudaniela@hotmail.com

Abstract

Poiana Braşov, one of the most important tourist resorts in Romania, registered a large number of tourists in recent years due to the modern facilities and the high quality services offered to the tourists. The purpose of the research in this paper is to present the tourism potential of Poiana Brasov all aspects and all its features, as well as to achieve an overview of the present valorisation of this potential, identifying the possibilities for its superior capitalization in the future. The number of Romanian tourists arriving in Braşov County and Poiana Braşov has grown in the period 2013-2016, the preferences of Romanian tourists being directed to hotels, villas and hostels. The number of Romanian tourists arriving in Poiana Braşov is clearly superior to foreign tourists during the analyzed period. The evolution of the number of foreign tourists arriving in Poiana Braşov is oscillating, with a trend of growth in the period 2013-2015, followed by a decrease in 2016.

Key words: travel, infrastructure, potential, financial resources, modernization

INTRODUCTION

Tourist resort of national interest, Poiana Brasov is the benchmark of resorts where winter sports can be practiced [3]. It began in the 1950-1960 when it attracted through beauty, virginity and the first high-class tourism services, the pretentious German clientele. Poiana Brasov is a resort for winter sports in Romania, being a tourist attraction of international reputation, and a neighborhood of Brasov [5].

It features 12 different ski slopes, sports grounds, a lake, discos, bars and restaurants. Accommodation is provided in luxury hotels, hostels, villas or cottages [6].

In this context, the aim of the paper was is to assess the tourism potential of Poiana Brasov in all its aspects and features, to achieve an overview of the present valorisation of this potential, identifying the possibilities for its development in the future.

MATERIALS AND METHODS

The paper needed first an overview on the topic related to urban tourism, cultural tourism, heritage and tourism potential natural and

human, infrastructure general and specific tourism sector, movement and tourism demand in Poiana Brasov.

The qualitative aspects were analyzed based on following research the methods: documentation regarding the literature that could be accessed and official documents and observation method. The quantitative aspects were evaluated based on classical research methods such as: data collection, and processing, data analysis, graphical and cartographical method. observation and interpretation.

The empirical data were provided by the following institutions: Braşov County Council, Integrated urban development plan for growth pole, Brasov in 2014, and National Institute of Statistics, Braşov Branch.

The data were processed and converted into tables, graphs and then interpreted and analyzed.

RESULTS AND DISCUSSIONS

The achievement of this paper imposed the detailed description of the tourism potential of Poiana Brasov resort, including both the tourist potential, consisting of natural and anthropic

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attractions, as well as the technical and material basis of tourism, along with the general infrastructure that influences the tourism activity in the analyzed area; quantitative and qualitative elements of the tourist heritage elements of the Poiana Brasov resort, both by assessing the tourist potential and by analyzing the indicators of the tourist activity in the studied area; organizing and structuring the tourist potential of the Poiana Brasov resort by concretely determining and describing the forms of recreational tourism; of the tourist region of the studied area on tourist and geographic criteria.

The favorable natural environment, the favorable climate and accessible relief are the main natural factors that bring added value to this area from the tourist point of view together with the anthropogenic factors. [7] To analyze the degree of capitalization of the tourist potential in Braşov, some elements of tourism infrastructure needed to be presented. As regards the accommodation capacity, the data are structured in Table 1 [8].

Table 1. Structure of existing tourist accord	mmodation
units in Brasov County 2013-2016	

Tourist unit / Years	2013	2014	2015	2016
TOTAL county, of which:	341	398	487	449
BRAŞOV	24	29	37	51
Hotels	11	12	15	18
Camping	2	2	2	-
Bungalow	9	9	9	7
Pensions	4	8	18	29
POIANA BRAŞOV	39	45	51	48
Hotels	13	15	16	14
Villas	8	9	11	11
Cottages	4	3	3	2
Holiday Village	2	2	2	2
Bungalow	15	15	14	15
Pensions	4	9	12	11

Source: Braşov County Statistics Department

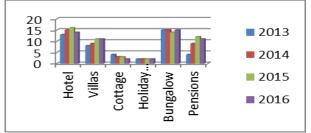


Fig. 1. Accommodation facilities in Poiana Braşov Source: Own determination.

Both on the whole of Braşov County, but especially in the Poiana Braşov resort, it can be seen a significant increase of the number of accommodation units, from 36 in the year 2013 to 46 accommodation units in 2016. From the point of view of the type of unit, both in Braşov City and in Poiana Braşov, the largest share is held by hotels, complex units with higher comfort level and providing a wider range of services and quality higher.

Of the other types of units, the significant shares of bungalows and villas are the result of accessibility (low prices) and the development of youth tourism.

Table 2. Number of accommodation places in PoianaBraşov

Brașov				
Tourist units	2013	2014	2015	2016
TOTAL county,	9,168	9,845	11,638	11,041
of which:				
BRAŞOV	1,821	1,740	1,748	1,896
Hotels	1,040	1,131	1,157	1,235
Camping	207	207	349	2
Bungalow	39	39	29	10
Pensions	57	142	219	648
POIANA BRAŞOV	2,098	2,713	2,795	2,403
Hotels	1,671	1,997	2,009	1,841
Villas	91	139	181	228
Cottages	94	157	91	49
Holiday Village	39	39	39	39
Bungalow	88	88	84	88
Pensions	41	159	201	209
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Source: Statistics Department of Braşov County.

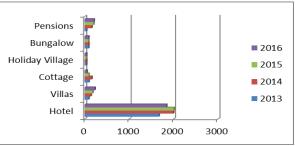


Fig. 2. Change in the number of accommodation places in Poiana Braşov

Source: Own determination.

Regarding the number of places of accommodation, one can notice the following: on the whole Braşov county, the number of accommodation places in 2013 and until 2016 had an upward trend, and in Poiana Braşov being noted an upward trend as well,

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increasing from 2,098 seats in 2013 to 2,403 in 2016, due to the investments (Table 2).

Number of tourists

The number of tourists is one of the most representative and important indicators of tourist traffic. It is a physical, quantitative indicator and can take the form of: arrivals departures of tourists, for international tourism and obtained from the statistics of the border recordings, accommodated persons, number deduced from the statistics of the means of accommodation [4].

Table 3. Arrivals of Romanian tourists in the establishments of tourists' reception with functions of tourist accommodation

	2013	2014	2015	2016
TOTAL county, of which:	219,145	251,070	329,511	353,119
BRAŞOV	54,138	49,531	59,832	67,169
Hotels	213,262	254,433	269,539	264,289
Camping	218	-	9	11,755
Bungalow	6,997	415	1,425	584
Pensions	41,111	49,177	67,851	81,770
POIANA BRAŞOV	60,729	74,960	80,240	83,820
Hotels	55,214	65,612	69,833	67,178
Villas	28,160	31,645	33,519	33,089
Cottages	11,491	10,550	12,502	12,990
Holiday Village	3,411	2,846	3,657	2,774
Bungalow	1,035	1,604	665	662
Pensions	28,026	25,171	35,353	50,383

Source: Braşov County Statistics Department

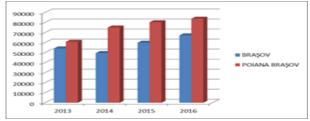


Fig. 3. The number of Romanian tourists arrivals in the accommodation units in Brasov County during 2013-2016

Source: Own determination.

The number of the Romanian tourists arriving in Braşov and Poiana Braşov has grown steadily between 2013 and 2016, the preferences of Romanian tourists being directed to hotels, 67,178 in 2016, 33,089 in villas and 50,383 in boarding houses. The number of Romanian tourists arriving in Poiana Braşov is well above foreign tourists during the analyzed period, accounting for 60,729 in 2013 and reaching 83,820 in 2016.

The evolution of the number of foreign tourists arriving in Poiana Braşov is oscillating, with a trend of growth between 2013 and 2015 being observed in Table 4, followed by a decrease in 2016. As in the case of the Romanian tourists, the preferences of the foreign tourists are directed to the type of tourist accommodation unit, the lowest number of lodgings being registered in the cottages.

Table 4. Foreign tourists' arrivals in the tourist facilities with functions of tourist accommodation in Brasov County in the period 2013-2016

	2013	2014	2015	2016
TOTAL county out of	71,751	76,637	93,542	88,572
which:				
BRAŞOV	33,250	31,788	43,589	43,848
Hotels	30,391	28,158	35,025	32,320
Camping	1,516	1,545	3,289	-
Bungalow	305	141	380	4,701
Pensions	1,038	1,944	4,509	5,831
POIANA BRAŞOV	29,866	28,472	33,781	29,223
Hotels	27,676	25,547	29,823	25,280
Villas	544	493	1,703	2,181
Cottages	27	34	9	9
Holiday Village	493	289	341	78
Bungalow	745	135	52	104
Pensions	441	2,031	2,175	1,821

Source: Statistics Department of Braşov County

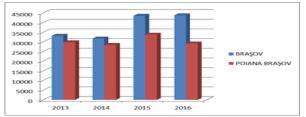


Fig. 4. The number of foreign tourists arriving in the accommodation units during 2013-2016 Source: Own determination.

As regards the number of overnight stays or tourist days, these are calculated as the sum of the products between the number of tourists and the duration of the tourist activity expressed in days.

Table 5. Romanian overnight stays in the tourist accommodation establishments with functions of tourist accommodation

Tourist unit / Years	2013	2014	2015	2016
TOTAL county, of which:	748,727	794,386	855,503	947,783
BRAŞOV	125,756	124,639	126,336	167,821
Hotels	571,207	355,709	652,725	709,472
Camping	11,986	523	-	-
Bungalow	1,469	1,857	1,409	6,716
Pensions	49,717	-	-	-
POIANA BRAŞOV	170,437	187,781	193,436	195,423
Hotels	153,751	166,920	168,813	165,320
Villas	8,464	4,908	7,472	13,262
Cottage	27,251	24,303	23,885	25,178
Holiday Village	2,953	1,746	2,212	1,682
Bungalow	2,583	3,108	2,726	1,546
Pensions	2,058	8,887	10,096	12,338

Source: Brasov County Statistical Office

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It is usually obtained by processing information from hotel unit statistics [2].

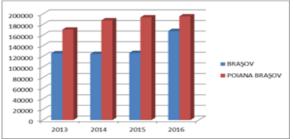


Fig. 5. The number of Romanian tourist overnights in Brasov County in the period 2013-2016 Source: Own determination.

The number of overnight stays of Romanian tourists in the tourist accommodation structures is upward throughout the analyzed period (2013-2016), registering a maximum of 195,423 overnight stays in 2016.

Table 6. Foreign tourist overnights in the touristaccommodationestablishmentswithtouristaccommodation functions

Tourist unit / Years	2013	2014	2015	2016
TOTAL county,	183,751	170,668	212,109	202,791
of which:				
BRAŞOV	70,697	61,464	85,529	85,447
Hotels	66,085	53,106	65,995	59,537
Camping	1,727	2,509	5,705	-
Bungalow	382	229	870	6,753
Pensions	2,503	5,620	12,124	17,454
POIANA BRAŞOV	96,198	80,009	93,267	80,770
Hotels	89,283	72,117	83,749	72,271
Villas	1,869	1,261	2,909	3,541
Cottages	59	71	18	13
Holiday Village	1,459	904	491	326
Bungalow	2,052	898	254	582
Pensions	1,484	4,700	5,851	4,041

Source: Brașov County Statistical Office

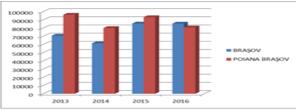


Fig. 6. Foreign tourists' overnight stays in tourist accommodation establishments with tourist accommodation functions in Brasov County in the period 2013-2016 Source: Own determination.

In Poiana Brasov there is the highest number of hotels, 89,283 units of this type, in 2013 and 83,749 in 2015, and the lowest number, 13 nights in the year 2016, in the cottages.

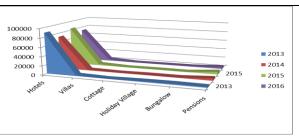


Fig. 7. Foreign tourist overnight stays in tourist accommodation establishments with tourist accommodation functions in Poiana Brașov in the period in 2013-2016

Source: Own determination.

The degree of occupancy

The most appropriate indicator to measure the level of economic efficiency is the utilization rate of the accommodation capacity. It reflects the outcome of all efforts made by economic agents to attract tourists in the area [1].

By type of units, the coefficient of utilization of the accommodation capacity has been significantly different in both Brasov and Poiana Brasov. The highest levels of occupancy were recorded in hotels, 23.90% for Romanian tourists and 13.88% for foreign tourists, holiday villages and hostels, while cottages and bungalows have reached lower values [10].

Table 7. The coefficient of utilization of the accommodation capacity with Romanian tourists in the tourist accommodation structures %

Tourist unit / Years	2013	2014	2015	2016
TOTAL county, of	18.30	18.20	19.28	19.41
which:				
BRAŞOV	22.61	19.50	23.08	16.96
Hotels	24.95	22.77	18.81	17.53
Camping	9.37	5.36	9.53	-
Bungalow	12.57	15.89	13.18	26.64
Pensions	19.26	13.96	14.45	10.19
POIANA BRAŞOV	22.34	20.47	19.91	22.28
Hotels	23.90	22.94	23.03	25.12
Villas	26.65	9.82	11.47	16.28
Cottage	2.13	5.88	7.58	7.40
Holiday Village	22.47	13.29	16.81	12.86
Bungalow	8.22	9.46	9.16	4.95
Pensions	6.45	13.04	14.03	16.32

Source: Braşov County Statistics Department

It can be seen from Table 7 and Fig. 8 that in Poiana Braşov the highest percentage, 26.65%, was registered for the villas in 2013 and the lowest percentage, 2.13%, was registered also in the year 2013 for cottages [10] PRINT ISSN 2284-7995, E-ISSN 2285-3952

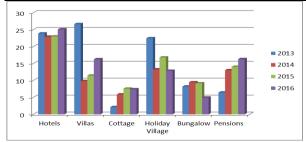


Fig. 8. The coefficient of utilization of the accommodation capacity, Romanian tourists, in Poiana Braşov

Source: Own determination.

Table 8. The coefficient of utilization of the accommodation capacity with foreign tourists in the tourist reception facilities

Tourist unit	2013	2014	2015	2016
TOTAL county, of which:	5.64	4.76	5.46	5.03
BRAŞOV	15.12	11.45	13.48	12.41
Hotels	17.57	13.07	17.78	13.23
Camping	2.35	3.41	4.65	-
Bungalow	3.27	1.96	8.21	26.87
Pensions	13.44	12.41	15.03	7.43
POIANA BRAŞOV	12.61	8.72	12.61	9.20
Hotels	13.88	9.64	11.42	10.98
Villas	5.88	2.52	4.46	4.33
Cottage	0.09	0.18	-	0.05
Holiday Village	11.10	6.88	3.74	2.55
Bungalow	6.53	2.73	0.83	1.85
Pensions	10.84	6.90	8.18	5.34

Source:Brașov County Statistics Department

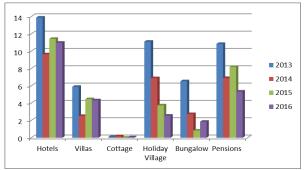


Fig. 9. The coefficient of utilization of the accommodation capacity,foreign tourists, in Poiana Braşov, 2013-2016 Source: Own determination.

Regarding the occupancy rate of the accommodation capacity, the highest percentages, 13.88%, were noted in the hotels in 2013, while the lowest percentages, with a value of 0.05%, were among the chalets, in 2016 (Table 8, Fig. 9).

The catering units are diverse and offer tourists traditional and international menus, including: Favorit Complex, Black Goat Restaurant, Soimul Restaurant, Poiana Ursului Restaurant, Caprioara Restaurant. As far as transport is concerned, Braşov County has a well-represented network of public roads and is crossed by the main European and national roads, railways, represented by the railway buses connecting the city with the main national and international points [9].

It envisages the extension of the road and pedestrian network, as well as the arrangement of parking spaces at the entrance to the resort, in order to decongest the traffic.

Cable transport is present, for climbing, winter sports, these facilities play an essential role, stimulating or hindering their development.

Thus, there are 2 cable cars, Kanzel - the 2,474 m long Kanzel peak, the Capra Neagră Cabin - Postavarul, with a length of 2,809 m and Gondola Telegondola-Cristianu Mare, with a length of 2,096 m.

The main possibilities for agreement in Poiana Brasov are: practicing winter sports on the 3 slopes and slalom slopes, on the slalom slopes, on the 2 trampolines and on the slopes for amateurs, equipped with an artificial and nocturnal snow installation. Access is available with 2 cable cars, a telegondola and many ski lifts, skating, horseback riding, boating, bungee-jumping, parachute jumping, paragliding, deltaplan and climbing, swimming, ATV rides.

The tourism potential is also gained by the participation of tourists at numerous national and international festivals that attract a large number of tourists: the Days of Brasov, the Golden Stag and the Jubilee Festival, the Tower of the Cities, the Oktoberfest, the Contemporary Drama Festival, the Jazz and Blues Festival, Opera, Operetta and Ballet Festival, International Chamber Music Festival.

CONCLUSIONS

Poiana Brasov is the most famous resort for winter sports in Romania and also an important international tourist center. It has 12 ski slopes with varying degrees of difficulty, sports grounds, a lake, discos, bars and restaurants. Accommodation is mostly provided in luxury hotels, hostels, villas or cottages.

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Poiana Brasov has the densest and most modern mountain tourism equipment in our country. Here we meet two, three and four-star hotels, equipped with swimming pool, showrooms and conferences, a horse-riding center, sports grounds or tourist hill. It has three downhill slopes and huge slalom, from a special slalom trail, two trampolines and an artificial lake for summer sports. The resort is equipped with two cable cars and one telegondola that provides access to the highways of the Postavaru, to which several teleski lines are added seasonally.

The number of Romanian tourists arriving in Braşov County and Poiana Braşov has grown in the period 2013 - 2016. The Romanian tourists as aweel the foreign ones prefer to accomodate in hotels, villas and hostels.

The number of the Romanian tourists arriving in Poiana Braşov is clearly superior to foreign tourists during the analyzed period.

The number of foreign tourists arriving in Poiana Braşov has varied, with an ascending trend in the period 2013-2015, followed by a decrease in 2016.

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